


Rotations

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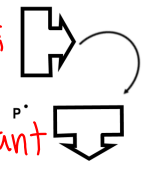
Rotations



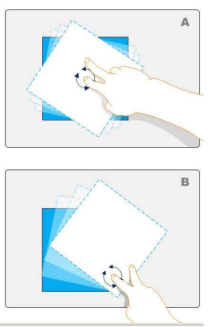
Rotations

A **rotation** (turn) moves a figure around a point. This point can be the index finger or it can be some other point.
This point is called the **point of rotation**.

Direction:
Degree
Every quadrant = 90°



Rotations



The person's finger is the point of rotation for each figure.

P.I.

90°

45°

(-,+)

(+,+)

Rotations

The following descriptions describe the same rotation.
What do you notice?
Can you give your own example?

220° clockwise	85° clockwise
140° counterclockwise	275° counterclockwise
240° clockwise	115° clockwise
120° counterclockwise	245° counterclockwise
90° clockwise	60° clockwise
270° counterclockwise	300° counterclockwise

Math Practice

No direction = Counter Clockwise

Rotations

The sum of the two rotations (clockwise and counterclockwise) is 360 degrees.
 If you have one rotation, you can calculate the other by subtracting from 360.

220° clockwise

140° counterclockwise

360° sum

85° clockwise

275° counterclockwise

360° sum

240° clockwise

120° counterclockwise

360° sum

115° clockwise

245° counterclockwise

360° sum

90° clockwise

270° counterclockwise

360° sum

60° clockwise

300° counterclockwise

360° sum